



Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 – Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product Identification

Primary Identifier(s) Used on the Label

Berryman B-12 CHEMTOOL FUEL INJECTOR CLEANER

Product Synonym(s)

blend "PFIC-DP"

Product Number(s)

1120

Relevant Identified Uses and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Uses

through-the-rail port fuel injector cleaner (pressurized)

Uses Advised Against

not for use in gasoline direct injection or diesel applications

Manufacturer/Supplier Details

Berryman Products, Inc.

3800 E Randol Mill Rd

Arlington, TX 76011

(800) 433-1704 (USA/Canada)

(817) 640-2376 (international)

www.BerrymanProducts.com

Emergency 24-Hour Telephone Number(s) – InfoTrac, Inc.

(800) 535-5053 (USA/Canada)

(352) 323-3500 (international)

Section 2 – Hazards Identification

Classification of the Substance or Mixture (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Physical Hazards

Flammable Aerosol – Category 1

Health Hazards

Acute Inhalation – Category 4

Skin Irritant – Category 2

Eye Irritant – Category 2A

Developmental/Reproductive Toxicant – Category 1B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure – Category 3 (respiratory tract irritant and narcotic effects)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure – Category 2 (blood/blood system)

Aspiration Hazard – Category 1

Environmental Hazard - Acute – Category 2

Allocation of Label Elements

Chemical Identity

Berryman B-12 CHEMTOOL FUEL INJECTOR CLEANER

Pictograms



Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard Statements

H222 – Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 – Pressurized container—may burst if heated.

H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 – Causes skin irritation.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

H321 – Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions this label/document).

H332 – Harmful if inhaled.

H335 – May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360 – May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 – May cause damage to blood/blood system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H401 – Toxic to aquatic life.

Prevention Precautionary Statements

P101 – Keep out of reach of children.

P102 – Read label before use.

P201 – Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 – Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 – Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211 – Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 – Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 – Do not breathe fumes, gas, mist, vapor, or spray.

P264 – Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

P271 – Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 – Avoid release to the environment.

P280 – Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye or face protection.

Response Precautionary Statements

P312 – Call POISON CONTROL CENTER, hospital emergency room, or doctor if you feel unwell.

P314 – Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 – Specific treatment available in this document in “Section 4 – First Aid Measures.”

P331 – Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301/P310 – IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call POISON CONTROL CENTER, hospital emergency room, or doctor.

P302/P352 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water or shower.

P304/P340 – IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305/P351/P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P308/P313 – If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.

P332/P313 – If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

P337/P313 – If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

P362/364 – Take off contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Storage Precautionary Statements

P405 – Store locked-up.

P410/P412 – Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122°F (50°C).

Disposal Precautionary Statements

P501 – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations, as applicable.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

none known

Ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

none

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

| <u>Component</u> | <u>CAS RN</u> | <u>Weight</u> |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Heptane | 426260-76-6 | 60-70% |
| Diacetone Alcohol | 123-42-2 | 10-15% |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | 5-10% |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 | 4-8% |
| N-Methyl-Pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | 4-8% |
| Dinitrogen | 7727-37-9 | 1-4% |

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

Ingestion

Immediately call poison control center, hospital emergency room, or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1-2 glasses of milk or water.

Eye Contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with soap and water or shower.

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable. If experiencing respiratory symptoms or if breathing is difficult, administer oxygen and call poison control center, hospital emergency room, or doctor.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects

Acute/Immediate

respiratory tract irritation; headache and lightheadedness; narcotic effects, including dizziness, drowsiness, and loss of coordination; nausea and vomiting

Delayed

drying, cracking, or defatting of the skin

Indications of Need for Immediate Medical Attention and Specific Treatment Required

Indications of Need for Immediate Medical Attention

In the event of shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, spontaneous vomiting, severe headache, or loss of consciousness, seek immediate medical attention.

Specific Treatment and Notes to Physician

If performing lavage, endotracheal and/or esophageal control is recommended. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to avoid aspiration.

Section 5 – Firefighting Measures

Fire Extinguishing Media

Support for Combustion

Product supports combustion.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

water fog, dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, or carbon dioxide

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

water jet/spray (may cause product to float to surface and reignite)

Special Hazards/Considerations

Combustion Products

Combustion in the presence of air may yield hydrocarbons, organic oxygenates, amines, and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Special Protective Equipment

Firefighters should employ SCBA and full protective gear, including shield, as product is comprised of low-boiling, flammable solvents and may vent, rupture, or explode violently at elevated temperatures.

Precautions and Procedures

Pressurized container—may burst if heated. Vapors heavier than air. Remove product from area if safe to do so. Use water spray to cool nearby containers.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal and Environmental Precautions

Personal Precautions

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Special precautions may be necessary for non-conductive containers. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilation, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools, such as brass or bronze. Do not breathe fumes, gas, mist, vapor, or spray. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye or face protection.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent contamination of ground water.

Materials and Methods for Containment**Small Spills**

Use socks/absorbent mini-booms or other inert barrier if necessary to contain small spills.

Large Spills

Utilize large socks/absorbent booms or other inert barrier to form dam/dike in order to contain spill and prevent further loss.

Materials and Methods for Cleanup**Small Spills**

Remove source from area if safe to do so. Use granular sorbent, gel sorbent, vermiculite, cat litter, dirt/earth, pads/rolls, or pillows to absorb spilled material. Remediate affected area as necessary.

Large Spills

Keep upwind from spill. Remove source from area if safe to do so. Use explosion-proof transfer equipment to recover spilled material. Use granular sorbent, gel sorbent, vermiculite, cat litter, dirt/earth, pads/rolls, or pillows to absorb residual material. Remediate affected area as necessary.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage**Precautions for Safe Handling****Personal Precautions**

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe fumes, gas, mist, vapor, or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye or face protection. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Environmental Precautions

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Special precautions may be necessary for non-conductive containers. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilation, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools, such as brass or bronze. Avoid release to the environment.

Conditions and Considerations for Safe Storage

Pressurized container—may burst if heated. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122°F (50°C). Keep out of reach of children. Store locked-up. Store according to NFPA Aerosol Level 3 recommendations.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| <u>Component</u> | <u>CAS RN</u> | <u>OSHA PEL</u> | <u>ACGIH TLV</u> |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Heptane | 426260-76-6 | 500 ppm | 400 ppm |
| Diacetone Alcohol | 123-42-2 | 50 ppm | 50 ppm |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | 50 ppm | 20 ppm |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 | 200 ppm | 200 ppm |

Exposure Controls**Appropriate Engineering Controls**

If practical, use outside with adequate ventilation to minimize exposure.

PPE Overview**Hand Protection**

Use of chemical-resistant gloves (butyl rubber, EVAL, neoprene, nitrile/Buna-N, PVC, or Viton) is recommended.

Eye Protection

Use of safety glasses with wrap-around lens or goggles is recommended.

Respiratory Protection

If necessary, use respiratory protection sufficient to reduce exposure to permissible limits.

Additional Protection

For industrial settings, access to a chemical safety shower with eye wash station is strongly recommended.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties**Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties****Physical State**

liquid

Appearance

clear, yellow to light amber

Odor

mild, solvent

Odor Threshold

0.27 ppm

pH

not relevant

Freezing Point

<-54°F

Boiling Range

175 - 396°F

Flash Point and Method

20°F by closed-cup tester

Explosion Limits in Air

1.3 - 7.7% by volume

Evaporation Rate

1.7 (n-Butyl Acetate=1.0)

Vapor Pressure, as supplied

80-120 PSI (typical)

Vapor Density

>1.0

Specific Gravity

0.744 at 68°F

Density

6.20 lb/gal at 68°F

Water Solubility

insoluble

n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient (log P_{ow})

3.3 (composite)

Viscosity

0.6 cSt at 68°F

Volatility

95 - 98% by weight

Auto-ignition temperature

530°F (composite)

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability under Normal Conditions of Use

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions Affording Instability

none known

Reactivity

not expected

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

May form peroxides in the presence of air.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. If practical, avoid temperatures exceeding flash point.

Incompatible Materials

strong acids; oxidizers; reducing agents; metallic aluminum

Hazardous Decomposition Products

none known

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

Likely Routes of Exposure

ingestion, skin contact, eye contact, inhalation

Symptoms Related to Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics

Ingestion

Large Quantity

gastrointestinal disturbances, including upset stomach, cramping, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea

Small Quantity/Incidental Contact

gastrointestinal disturbances, including upset stomach and cramping

Skin Contact

severe skin irritation

Eye Contact

blurred vision, severe eye irritation

Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation; headache, lightheadedness; narcotic effects, including dizziness, drowsiness, and loss of coordination; nausea and vomiting

Immediate, Delayed, and Chronic Effects

SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE

Potential Immediate Effects

Ingestion

drying, burning, or irritation of the mouth and throat; gastrointestinal disturbances; nausea and vomiting

Skin Contact

drying of the skin

Eye Contact

blurred vision, temporary corneal damage

Inhalation

shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting, drowsiness, fatigue, loss of consciousness, and death

Potential Delayed Effects

Ingestion

aspiration pneumonitis, cyanosis, death

Skin Contact

defatting of the skin, drying and cracking of the skin, aggravation of pre-existing skin conditions

Eye Contact

temporary corneal damage

Inhalation

nausea and vomiting, fatigue, loss of consciousness

LONG-TERM EXPOSURE

Potential Immediate Effects

none known

Potential Delayed Effects

none known

Potential Chronic Health Effects

Carcinogenicity

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs

all components either “Group 3 – Not Classifiable as to Human Carcinogenicity” or not listed

National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

not listed

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA)

not listed

Mutagenicity / Genetic Toxicity

not suspected of being a human mutagen / genetic toxicant

Teratogenicity

not suspected of being a human teratogen

Developmental Effects

probable developmental toxicant (N-Methyl-Pyrrolidone)

Fertility Effects

not suspected of being a reproductive/fertility toxicant

Effects on Lactation

not suspected of affecting lactation

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (STOT)

Single Exposure

central nervous system (narcotic effects), respiratory tract (irritation)

Repeated Exposure

blood/blood system effects

Numerical Measures of Acute Toxicity

Oral (Rat)

LD₅₀: 3300 mg/kg (derived)

Dermal (Rabbit)

LD₅₀: 2110 mg/kg (derived)

Inhalation

LC₅₀: 17 mg/L (derived)

Additional Toxicological Information

Skin Irritation/Corrosion (Rabbit)

severe skin irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation (Rabbit)

severe eye irritant

Respiratory Sensitization

does not cause respiratory sensitization

Skin Sensitization

does not cause skin sensitization

Aspiration Hazard

known aspiration hazard

Section 12 – Ecological Information

General Ecological Assessment/Overview

Toxic to aquatic life. Very mobile in soils which may lead to contamination of groundwater.

Aquatic Toxicity

Vertebrates (Fish)

Acute Toxicity

LC₅₀: 5.1 mg/L (derived)

Chronic Toxicity

NOEC: not available

Invertebrates (Water Flea)

Acute Toxicity

LC₅₀: 1.9 mg/L (derived)

Chronic Toxicity

NOEC: not available

Aquatic Plants (Freshwater Algae)

Acute Toxicity

EC₅₀: not available

Chronic Toxicity

NOEC: not available

Terrestrial Toxicity

Invertebrate (Earthworm)

LC₅₀: not available

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

not expected to be persistent

Degradability

rapidly degradable

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation Potential Assessment

may bioaccumulate (Heptane)

Bioaccumulation Factor

2,000 (Heptane)

Mobility in Soils

Mobility in Soils Assessment

very mobile in soils—may contaminate groundwater

Soil Organic Carbon/Water Partition Coefficient (log K_{oc})

3.8 (composite)

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

not a persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic chemical (PBT)

not very persistent or very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Other Adverse Effects

none known

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

General Assessment/Overview

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable regulations. Toxic to aquatic life—do not pour into waterways. Contains aggressive solvents, which may dissolve PVC pipes and fittings—do not pour down drain.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Code(s) (40 CFR 261.20-33)

Based on this material as-supplied, used or unwanted product may be subject to RCRA regulations and classified as D001

Section 14 – Transportation Information

Transportation by Ground – US Department of Transportation

Shipping Description

UN1950, Aerosols, (contains Heptanes and 2-Butoxyethanol), 2.1

Exemption Eligibility

When shipped by ground, this product may be eligible for a “Limited Quantity” exception per §49 CFR 173.306.

Transportation by Air – ICAO/IATA

Shipping Description

UN1950, Aerosols, (contains Heptanes and 2-Butoxyethanol), 2.1

Exemption Eligibility

When shipped by air, this product may be eligible for a “Limited Quantity” exception.

Transportation by Water – IMO/IMDG

Shipping Description

UN1950, Aerosols, (contains Heptanes and 2-Butoxyethanol), 2.1

Exemption Eligibility

When shipped by water, this product may be eligible for a “Limited Quantity” exception.

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

Safety, Health, and Environmental Regulations/Legislation

UNITED STATES – SELECT FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (15 USC 2601, et seq.)

All chemicals known to be present in this product are either listed on the TSCA inventory or are not required to be.

SARA Title III (42 USC 9601, et seq.)

Section 302 – Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355)

none

Section 304 – Emergency Release Notification (40 CFR 302.4)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Section 311/312 – Hazard Categorization (40 CFR 370.40)

acute toxicity, chronic toxicity, fire hazard, sudden release of pressure

Section 313 – Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65)

2-Butoxyethanol (“certain glycol ethers”)

Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401, et seq.)

Section 112 – Hazardous Air Pollutants

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Regulation of Fuels and Fuel Additives

This product complies with the requirements of §40 CFR 80 and must be used in a manner consistent with the directions on the product label.

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA)

Hazard Communication Standard

This safety data sheet (SDS) is provided for compliance with applicable regulations of the Hazard Communication Standard of 2012 (HCS/HAZCOM 2012) found in §29 CFR 1910.1200. Federal law requires persons receiving this document to study it carefully, become aware of the hazards of this product, and notify all employees, visitors, agents, and contractors of the information contained herein.

Consumer Product Safety Commission

Federal Hazardous Substances Act

This product is regulated under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act, is subject to the labeling requirements of 16 CFR 1500, and must include at minimum the following cautionary statements: DANGER: Extremely Flammable. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Eye and skin irritant. Contents under pressure. Keep out of the reach of children.

UNITED STATES – SELECT REGIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) – Model Rule VOC Limit and Category

not regulated as a fuel additive

Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium (LADCO) – Model Rule VOC Limit and Category

not regulated as a fuel additive

UNITED STATES – SELECT STATE REGULATIONS**California****Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA)****Proposition 65 – Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986**

This product is subject to the labeling requirements of Proposition 65 – Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 and must bear the cautionary statement: WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Air Resources Board (ARB/CARB)**Regulation for Reducing Emissions from Consumer Products – VOC Limit and Category**

not regulated as a fuel additive

Massachusetts**"Right-to-Know" Legislation – Substance List (105 CMR 670.000)**

Heptane, Diacetone Alcohol, 2-Butoxyethanol, Methyl Ethyl Ketone, 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone, Nitrogen

New Jersey**"Right-to-Know" Legislation – Hazardous Substance List (34:5A-1, et seq.)**

Heptane, Diacetone Alcohol, 2-Butoxyethanol, Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Methylpyrrolidone, Nitrogen

Pennsylvania**"Right-to-Know" Legislation – Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323)**

Heptane, 4-Hydroxy-4-Methyl-2-Pentanone, 2-Butoxyethanol, 2-Butanone, 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidinone, Nitrogen

INTERNATIONAL – SELECT REGULATIONS**Canada****Environment Canada – Domestic Substances List (DSL)**

All chemicals known to be present in this product are either listed on the DSL or are not required to be.

China**Ministry of Environmental Protection – Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC)**

All chemicals known to be present in this product are either listed on the IECSC or are not required to be.

European Union**European Chemical Agency – European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS)**

All chemicals known to be present in this product are either listed on the EINECS or are not required to be.

Chemical Safety Assessment

has not been conducted on product, as-supplied

Section 16 – Other Information**Hazardous Materials Information System (HMIS)**

| | | |
|----------------------|-----|---|
| Health | * 2 | Hazard Index Least - 0 Slight - 1 Moderate - 2 High - 3 Extreme - 4 |
| Flammability | 3 | |
| Reactivity | 0 | |
| Protective Equipment | B | |

Index of Abbreviations

ACGIH – American Council of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists

CAS RN – Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ – Median Effective Concentration

IATA – International Air Transport Association

ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO – International Maritime Organization

LC₅₀ – Median Lethal Concentration

LD₅₀ – Median Lethal Dose

N/A – Not Applicable

NE – Not Established

NOEC – No Observable Exposure Concentration

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit (as required by OSHA)

TLV – Threshold Limit Value (as recommended by ACGIH)

VOC – Volatile Organic Compound

Relevant Dates and Applicability

Date of Issuance

June 8, 2015

Date of Previous Revision

not applicable—initial Safety Data Sheet

Primary Revision Change(s)

not applicable

Document Applicability

This safety data sheet only applies to part number 1120 manufactured on or after January 1, 2015.

Document Author

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Legal Disclaimer

The information contained in this document is, to the best of Berryman Products, Inc.'s knowledge, complete and accurate but is not warranted. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. It is the responsibility of the user to evaluate the information in a prudent manner and to use it in a manner consistent with its intended purpose. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.